

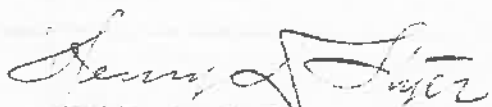
HEADQUARTERS TWENTY SEVENTH INFANTRY,

Khabarovsk, Siberia, February 12, 1919.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:-

I have known Lieutenant Colonel G.M. Morrow, 27th Infantry, for about six years having served in some regiment with him in the Second Division at Texas City, Texas, in 1913 and recently in the Siberian Expedition. For nearly a month after leaving Manila Colonel Morrow was in command of the 27th Infantry. The field work done by the regiment under Colonel Morrow's command deserved the high praise given it by General Oi, the Allied Commander of the Zone of Advance, under whom the regiment was serving.

Colonel Morrow is a good disciplinarian and drill-master. He has an unusual amount of energy and initiative, which is accompanied by good judgement. I consider him well fitted for the command of a regiment of infantry in our re-organized Army.


HENRY D. STYER,
Colonel, 27th U. S. Infantry,
Commanding.

HDS/jek/

HEADQUARTERS AMERICAN EXPEDITIONARY FORCES
SIBERIA
Office of the Inspector

Vladivostok, March 27, 1919.

MEMORANDUM:

For: The Commanding General, A. E. F., Siberia.

Subject: Conditions at camp for war prisoners at Krasnaya Retchka.

As a result of my recent inspection of the camp for war prisoners at Krasnaya Retchka, the following observations are submitted:

1. It was reported that under existing orders 20 per cent of the bread rations is issued in corn meal. The Austrians do not know how to prepare corn meal, either as bread or mush. They are unaccustomed to its use and although every effort has been made by detailing American cooks to instruct them in its preparation, the meal remains on hand and is a dead loss as a ration article. It is recommended that the entire issue be of flour.

2. It was learned that a large quantity of the canned beef which was condemned last fall by a board of officers, of which I was a member, as being unfit for human consumption, has been shipped to Habarovsk for consumption by prisoners of war. It was reported by the officer in charge of the prison camp that some of this meat was fed to 76 prisoners with disastrous results. Attention is invited to statements of medical officers hereto attached. It is understood that over 6,000 cans of this beef has been destroyed at the Base, Vladivostok, upon recommendation of a Surveying Officer. It is recommended that the issue of this canned beef be discontinued.

3. The clothing of a number of the prisoners was in bad condition through long wear and much patching. It was reported that no breeches coats, leggings or caps had been furnished by the United States to prisoners at this camp. I recommend that some action be taken toward supplying these prisoners with suitable clothing. If it is not considered desirable to put the Government to any expense for this purpose conditions can be much alleviated by supplying those prisoners (about three-fourths of the entire number) who are paid and deducting the necessary amounts from their pay. If a suitable cloth could be obtained here or in Japan, the uniforms could be made in the prison. This would result in the prisoners presenting a creditable appearance here, and on their return to their own country and without expense to the United States. The material suggested was 7,200 yards of gray cloth for uniforms and caps, 200 spools of thread, and 1853 pairs leggings or putties.

4. Some 500 of the prisoners are enlisted men. These men have no money and no means of earning it. It is recommended that the matter of supplying them with tobacco and cigarettes be taken up with the Swedish Red Cross.

②
5. The general conditions at the camp are very satisfactory and reflect great credit upon the administration of Lieut. Colonel Morrow, 27th Infantry. The plant, upon his assumption of command in November, 1918, was in very poor shape. The barracks, kitchens, hospital, and other features now compare very favorably with any that I have seen in Siberia.



W. V. Morris

Lieut Col. Crawford

The Filson Historical Society

Red River Camp, May 10th 1919.

Dear Lieutenant James,

Had I not been sick, I had written to you sooner, to tell you that we get along alright with our new Command, and that by now the whole Compound offers quite another aspect since you left. The gardening works have started with great zeal, the progress is very promising, and in a couple weeks we shall live in a beautiful garden, with splendid sporting-grounds.

I intended to send you the picture which was snapped last day at Headquarters, but am sorry to say that it is not quite finished yet.

Today the first Porcelanshift was taken out of the baking-stove, and the first samples proved to be a promising success. Now we can start with the platen manufacturing. I want to send the first proofs to Col. Morrow.

There are rumors as ever circulating here, so we heard that Col. Morrow is going to leave for the States. So much this news delight me to see him going to his Homecountry, I deeply regret to see the distance between us grow larger and larger, involving a more difficult postal communication.

Finally I ask you dear Lieutenant to convey my most respectful regards to Col. Morrow and to forward to him at this opportunity, my and Lieut. von Steinner's homeaddress.

With my heartiest wishes and best regards I am

Yours grateful,

Ferdinand v. Steiner

Baikal Railroad Department.

May 20th, 1919.

No. 12588.

Irkutsk.

-C-E-R-T-I-F-I-C-A-T-E-

This certificate is given to the Railroad Mechanic, G. K. Aphanasiev, with the permission of the railroad chief, to be absent for two months, from May 19, 1919.

Chief of the Railroad Department,

(Signature)
Engineer.

Certificate of the Surgeon:-

Examining the body of the Railroad Mechanic, G. K. Aphanasiev, who visited me May 6th, 1919, I found red marks on his body, as a result of being whipped.

Doctor of the 5th District of Baikal Railroad.

(Signature.)

/nru

Amer, Vladivostok

June 9, 1919 3 P. M.

Number 310.:—Owing to Semenov's armored cars, continual interference with the railroad comma seizure of cars comma threatening employees comma interference with working parties comma disregard and violation of all orders and a continual menace to my guard and firing upon and arresting Russian troops proceeding to the front under orders of Kolchak I comma yesterday at five o'clock P.M. June eighth at a conference between Major General Yoshe Japanese Army comma General Lejack Military Governor and General Pechinko Commander of Russian troops at Beresovka requested them on the grounds stated above to cause the removal of the armored cars out of the American sector and at the same time informed them that if my request was not complied with within twenty four hours I would destroy these cars period I also telegraphed Ataman Semenov as follows Quote Field Ataman Semenov Chita on account of interference with the railroad seizure of cars violation of all order interference with and threatening attitude towards my guard and the railroad employees undisciplined and unwarranted obstruction of passenger traffic interference with working parties etc. I request the immediate removal of the armored car now here to Chita their presence endangers the railroad and under my orders I will forcibly destroy them if they are not removed by five P.M. June ninth period As Commander of this sector under the allied agreement and the agreement with the supreme dictator for the guarding of the railroad period I request their removal in order to prevent bloodshed period I will write you a full explanation of this entire affair tomorrow period I feel that you will fully agree with me when you receive this report period This is for the best interest of all concerned and I request your cooperation and prompt agreement with my request period I have fully informed the Japanese commander and the Russian General here of my decision and intention Morrow Commander U.S. Troops Baikal Sector Unquote Reply to above telegram not yet received by me period At that time General Yoshe agreed to remain neutral and agreed to telegraph Lieutenant General Oba at Chita to cause the removal of the armored cars as did both Russian Generals period Today at eleven A.M. Colonel Kasai representing General Yoshe called at my headquarters and delivered the following ultimatum Quote the Japanese say they will resist by force the removal of Semenov's armored cars by the American troops from sector and will take the armored cars under Japanese guard to Beresovka and there protect them from American troops period The Japanese assume full responsibility for anything that may occur from their activities in this matter end quote As the Japanese troops here number three thousand five hundred with a regiment of field artillery and a regiment of cavalry besides large forces at Chita period I protested against their action and informed them that I would bring on a conflict with the Japanese without orders from higher authority period On June fourth General Yoshe at my request agreed to telegraph the actions of the armored

cars to Lieutenant General Oba at Chita and request him to cause Semenov to remove these cars from our sector period My action was taken after every other means had been exhausted and all orders proved ineffectual and the action of the armored cars became too threatening as to cause me to station at the railroad an entire company of infantry all my thirty seven milimeter guns and a section of my machine gun company period The presence of this armored train in our sector continually threatens my troops who are without means of opposing it period The Sector has been completely taken over by my troops. Will wire detailed dispositions later period

MORROW

June 9, 1919.

Tele gram from General Yoshi to Mr. Minami.

Transmit the following to Colonel Meritt:-

I understand your request to be reasonable since, as I think it over more it is hard to believe that this demand should be made directly, because now it is a demand on Russian troops. Therefore I think it will be much better for the interest of the future if we both report to the Director for a settlement by the commander in chief of the Allied troops, so that I wish you would most thoughtfully further consider your action.

Yoshi.

Received at 3:30 P.M. June 9, 1919.

J.S.

H. 7th Infantry, Verkhne-Dinsk, Siberia, June 9th, 1919.

Major General Yoshi,
Imperial Japanese Army,

Through Mr. Minami.

I acknowledge receipt of your letter of this morning. I have given this grave matter the most profound consideration. I have sent General Semienoff a telegram, a copy of which Mr. Minami will give you. I am given to this course of action and must pursue it. I rely on your official promise of yesterday that in the event of a conflict between our forces and the armored car that you would remain neutral. I trust that you will be able to prevent this conflict by urging General Cox to have the armored car removed from the Mexican sector.

Colonel,
Colonel, U. S. Army,
Commanding 5th Infantry Sector.

I acknowledge to have received at 10 P.M. June 9, 1919, the original copy of this telegram and a copy of the telegram to General Semienoff referred to therein.

(Signed) Minami.

1. 7th Infantry, Verkhne-Khalast, Siberia, June 9th, 1919.

Field Station, Chita,
Siberia.

On account of interference with the railroad seizure of cars, violation of all orders, interference with and threatening attitude towards railroad and the railroad employees--undisciplined and intentional obstruction of passenger traffic, interference with working parties, etc. I request the direct removal of the captured cars now here to Chita -- their presence endangers the railroad and under my orders I will forcibly destroy them if they are not removed by five P.M. tomorrow June ninth. As commander of this sector under the Allied agreement and the agreement with the supreme dictator for the guarding of the railroad. I request their removal in order to prevent bloodshed. I will write you a full explanation of this matter if necessary. I feel that you will fully agree with me when you receive this report. This is for the best interest of all concerned and I request your cooperation and prompt agreement with my request. I have fully informed the Japanese commander and the Russian general here of my decision and intention.

Yours,
Commander G. H. Hays,
Military Sector.

June 9th, 1919. 4:40 P.M.

To Verkhne-Udinsk
Representative of the American Command, Morrow.

From Chit.

I agree to remove immediately the armor car if you guarantee to me the full cessation (suspension) of disorder and incursions, I rely upon documents I have, by members of our troops, towards the peaceful population in the city of Verkhne-Udinsk and have the proper respect for the Russian law, Russian uniform and for Russian customs as other allies who are in the Russian territory have period looking for friendly and cooperative work with the allies in establishing government. Let and order in my country to my great sorrow. I realize that some members of the American troops do not cooperate with our joint work but interfere with its success. That would be useful and good only for our enemies bolsheviks.

If you will not give me the requested guarantee in order to remove the armor car about 5 o'clock, then I, as a Russian officer and citizen can not permit my country (jeering) on the Russian nation and on the Russian national dignity and our children and will immediately send troops to Verkhne-Udinsk period. If the commander of the armor car committed any material acts or interference, then he will be tried by court period. Wait satisfactory decision from you as a representative of the Allied Command in Bial Sector as I believe the American troops were sent to Russia not to fight with the Russian troops but for joint work in establishing order and law.

About the following I am reporting to the head quarters of the supreme dictator to report to the supreme dictator and the Allied Command.

4426 Eastern Siberia.

Col. Denisenoff.

Ny. 27th Infantry, Verkhne-Uinsk, Siberia, June 9th, 1919. 4:00 P.M.

Field Ataman Semenov,
Chita.

Your telegram received. In regard to conduct of my troops, their discipline and behaviour will compare most favorably with that of your own troops. My respect for Russian law and customs is as high as your own. I am fully informed as to my mission in Siberia and shall continue to carry it out. That mission is assistance to the Russian people. If you despatch troops here with hostile intentions towards my command I shall meet them in a similar manner. The armored car was moved at 2:00 P.M., today under guard of the Japanese to Beresovka and will be held there under guard and will not move without my permission. I made an official report of the interference with the railroad of your armored car. If you desire to consider my proper guarding of the railroad as a challenge, you have my permission to do so.

NORRO,
Colonel, U. S. Army,
B. I. S. Sector.

June 10th, 1919.

From Chita.

To American Colonel Norro:

Your telegram received. Looking from the point of view of not permitting foreign interference in the internal affairs of Russia I shall ask permission only from higher Russian command and your gentle (benevolent) permission sent to me address I ascribe only to an incorrect translation of your thoughts by your (draftsmen) (interpreters) (error).

Novosibirsk, Siberia,
June 10, 1919.

Commanding Officer, 17th Infantry,
Verkhne-Uinsk, Siberia.

Number three hundred twelve Our duty is to guard and protect railroad and railroad property and to prevent any interference with free passage of trains. This is our sole duty. Such action as is necessary should be taken promptly in the former duty. The operation department of railroad determines what trains or cars are permitted to run or be kept in our sector. Your charges against Semienoff troops are too indefinite to justify your demand. Submit full report of details to details which in your judgment justified your action.

Sing.

Novosibirsk, June 10th.

S. G. 17th Infantry, Verkhne-Uinsk.

Number 017 period following, received this date quote to the Commander of the 66 Eastern Siberian regarding Colonel Semienoff copy to the Commander of the American Expeditionary Forces General Graves and to General Horvat period as a result of my report concerning the misunderstanding between the troops in your charge with those of Colonel Morrow in the region of Verkhne-Uinsk the Supreme ruler and Supreme commander ordered me to issue the following instructions colon, first the guarding of the railroad in this section Verkhne-Uinsk Tyrovka, I have turned over to the American command colon secondly the struggle against the Bolsheviks in all the Trans-Siberian districts is assigned to the Commander of the 55 Siberian regiment Colonel Semienoff colon thirdly Colonel Semienoff should refrain from interfering with the measures adopted by the Americans for guard the railroad colon fourth on the part of the American commander no obstacle must be put in the way of Colonel Semienoff's military understanding and transfer necessary in the struggle against the Bolsheviks colon fifth the regular joint activities of the Russian and American troops on the railroad must be regulated by General Horvat with the object of averting conflicts between the Russian and American troops which I consider unthinkable period signed Chief of Staff of the Supreme commander Major General Semienoff in code.

Sing.

Vladivostok, June 10th.

C. O. 27th Infantry, Ve Kama Uinsk.

Number 218. Period report received from Sir Charles Elliott indicates that some of our officers are under the impression that Russian troops are not supposed to be in our sector period we do not care and is none of our business how many Russian troops in our sector period we are only responsible for guarding the railroad and if the Russian troops interfere and you cannot stop that interference report that fact here and we will take up with Russian authorities here period the Russians have agreed to vacate enough buildings for quarters for our troops in our sector.

113.

Vladivostok, June 11, 1919.

C. O. American Army,
Ve Kama Uinsk.

Sir eleventh Lashinoff's contention that he has to interfere with our duty because of conduct of American soldiers, can not be admitted for one moment do not become involved to such an extent as to require more troops because they can not be sent you, keep in mind our object and policy and steer clear of complications unless dignity or the proper performance of our duty in guarding the railroad forces complications. It is impossible for me at this distance to determine just what action is advisable to meet different conditions daily arising. Our best judgment should be constantly exercised. Do not engage in controversy with Lashinoff. His object is more for reaching than appears on the surface.

CHAVES.

June 12th, 1919.

Verkhne-Udinsk, Colonel Morrow.

From: Chita.

Just received from Regiment 1 Assistant Major General Lebedev, an order of the supreme dictator Admiral Foltchek by AF 108 in which the guarding of Government order and law in Baidal province and in fighting with the Bolsheviks is put exclusively on me period. The presence of the armored car at the Station Verkhne-Udinsk is only for the purpose to fight the Bolsheviks or State Criminals whom have no relation to the guarding use order of the sector of the Trans-Siberian Railroad Verkhne-Udinsk - Krasnoyarsk. It is only means of a military character in order to perform my duties put on me by the Supreme Dictator in guarding Government order and law and to fight bolshevism in the city and in the district around the city of Verkhne-Udinsk period. Therefore I am forced to insist the presence of the armored car at the station of Verkhne-Udinsk under the exclusive subordination and orders of the military Governor General Krivosheina outside of any interference in the affairs of guarding the railroad line Verkhne-Udinsk - Krasnoyarsk period.

1319

C. Western Siberian,

Col. Semenov.

No. 27th Infantry, Verkhne-Udinsk, Siberia, June 12th, 1919.

Field Lt. Semenov,
Chita.

I am in receipt of your telegram of today period. I have transmitted it in full to General Graves at Vladivostok period. The question raised by you regarding the stationing of armored cars at Verkhne-Udinsk will be taken up by General Graves with General Horvat at Vladivostok period. In this connection I call your attention to the following contained in General Lebedev's order period. Note. The regular joint activities of the Russian and American troops on the railroad must be regulated by General Horvat with the object of averting conflicts between the Russian and American troops which I consider unthinkable end note period. I must therefore request you to admit his decision and not to send armored cars for station here until the decision is received period. This decision should be received in a few days as I have requested an immediate settlement of this question period.

NOV 10 1919
Colonel, U. S. Army,
Baidal Sector.

While at Omsk I was assured by General Dietricks that orders had already been issued to the Russian authorities in this sector directing them to provide barracks for the American troops at Verkhne-Udinsk and that such barracks would be provided. Relying on General Dietricks assurances and knowing by personal observation that no other suitable barracks are available, I have directed Colonel Morrow to retain possession of the barracks already occupied by him at Beresovka.

Wm. S. GRAVES,
Major General, United States Army,
Commanding, American Expeditionary Forces, Siberia.

JJ/hrb

Hq. 27th Infantry., Verkhne-Udinsk, Siberia, June 22, 1919 _____ M

AMEX,
Vladivostok.,

Number three thirty:- Reference my number three twenty eight
period From all indications and information the agreement
regarding the armored car will be broken period Colonel Leitch
present when agreement was made with High Russian Commander
period If agreement is broken what action shall I take period
Shall they be removed by force or permitted to remain in this
sector period I request orders covering this point period
Colonel Emerson states in writing today quote The operation
of Seminoff's armored cars in the district Manchuria to
Yssovaya is a menace and they are interfering with the Russian
Railroad officials period The operation of the armored cars
has created a reign of terror among the employees and their
presence in your sector is not necessary and is not desired
unquote period

AMX/Jan

M O R O W

Hq. 27th Infantry., Verkhne Udinsk, Siberia June 20th _____ M

AMEX,
Vladivostok.,

Number three twenty eight:- Regarding your three thirty four
Armored car at Beresovka removed to Chita period New car now
here permitted to make repairs on promise to move to Chita
on June twenty fifth and that no other armored cars would
come here or operate in the American sector period Perfect
guarantee of its good conduct while here. This necessitates
our operating an armored car, period Six Japanese mapping were
killed in sector period The necessity for operating supply
and armored car is great comma especially as all request for
transportation must go to Chita period This will render the
guard independent and greatly increase its efficiency while
taking better care of sick and emergency cases period

M O R O W

Vladivostok, June 19, 1919.

Colonel Morrow, Vladive Uinsk, Siberia.

No. 304 reference No. 318 your number 316 received to-day period our policy is to prevent interference with the railroad by any one period we have nothing to say as to what cars operate on the line as long as they don't interfere. As this is a question of the railroad authority period if Semisoff interferes with the operation of the railroad he should be treated as any one else period action of the ignored car is being taken up with General Horvat you will be advised of any action taken by General Horvat.

TO INBOX

Vladivostok, June 25, 1919.

C. C. 27th Inf., Vladive Uinsk.

No. three forty two. Reference your three thirty four our number three thirty four should be followed period we cannot agree in any way with Semisoff unless he interferes with operations of railroad period if Colonel Semisoff does not desire this car to run on railroad he should give orders to that effect then you can stop this car.

TO INBOX

Irkutsk, July 23, 1919.

Dear Colonel Morrow,

As I am back now to Irkutsk, I hasten to thank you for the honor and pleasure you have so kindly given me when I visited your camp the other day.

At your camp, indeed, I could not help admiring your splendid work and discipline that cannot escape from any observer's respect, and I was deeply impressed by your strenuous efforts to bring up your troops to the highest standard of soldiers and in that way, I am sure, you understand thoroughly the spirit of your Japanese comrades. I am happy to remember your thoughtful remarks that a mutual respect as military men is the most solid foundation of the cordial friendship now existing between the American and the Japanese troops in Siberia and I sincerely hope that such happy relations will continue forever.

Sincerely yours,

K. Hoakasugi

Irkutsk, July 33, 1919.

Dear Colonel Morrow,

As I am back now to Irkutsk, I hasten to thank you for the honor and pleasure you have so kindly given me when I visited your camp the other day.

At your camp, indeed, I could not help admiring your splendid work and discipline that cannot escape from any observer's respect, and I was deeply impressed by your strenuous efforts to bring up your troops to the highest standard of soldiers and in that way, I am sure, you understand thoroughly the spirit of your Japanese comrades. I am happy to remember your thoughtful remarks that a mutual respect as military men is the most solid foundation of the cordial friendship now existing between the American and the Japanese troops in Siberia and I sincerely hope that such happy relations will continue forever.

Sincerely yours,

K. Lakasufi.

AMERICAN CONSUL SERVICE

Irkutsk, Siberia,
July 31, 1919

Colonel Morrow,
Commanding 37th Infantry,
Verkhni Udinsk.

Sir:

Confirming my telegram to you of this date, I am glad to advise you that the two American soldiers in question were released from the Russian military jail this morning at nine o'clock, and placed in the custody of Lieutenant Novak. When we finished our work yesterday it seemed as if we had reached a deadlock, for in our interview with the Chief of the Military District, General Sechoff, he had refused to turn them over, and denied our claim that they should be returned to your camp at once for trial there.

It is my opinion that General Sechoff was advised of the contents of your message, which reached here late last night, for he was stirring this morning very early, and before I had time to deliver the letter which I prepared, and which he evidently wished to forestall.

Lieutenant Novak can give you the details; he has worked faithfully to secure the release of these men. I regret that there had to be such a delay in accomplishing what should have been effected at once. If there is any other way in which this office can serve you in this matter, please command us.

I have the honor to be, Sir

respectfully yours,

Geo. W. Hillman

American Vice Consul.

Translation.

Comendant
of Irkutsk

July 31, 1918.

No. 11369.

American Consulate
Irkutsk.

I am sending to you two soldiers of the
American army - Alex Katofohusik and John
Wellowig. The investigation about this
matter will be forwarded to Verchnoudinsk.

Military Chief (Signature)

(Signature)

Colonel Charles H. Morrow

Commander, American Zabsikal Sector.

Sir:

I request respectfully that you may have the honor of your presence, accompanied by twelve other officers selected by yourself, with us this coming Monday, the 25th of August.

At four o'clock in the afternoon on that date I will have the highest honor of presenting for your inspection a few drills and feats of arms, near the Brigade Headquarters, Bereozovka. Immediately after and in connection with the same a dinner will be held in your honor at the Russian Officers' Assembly, quarters 26.

Respectfully inviting you

IKHINOSUKE YOSHIE

Major General.

Bereozovka, August 20th, 1919.

Irkutsk, August 27th, 1919.

I esteem it a high honor to send you my heartiest thanks giving for your friendly entertaining the Czecho-Slovak excursion at Verkhne-Udinsk. I and all partakers and the whole army are very obliged to you for the courtesy and hospitality extended to Czecho-Slovak army. All partakers on excursion will remember perpetually, the courteous attending of the American Troops and appreciate for the future the noble American Nation, the friendship of the American commanders and troops is accepted by the Czecho-Slovak army with proud and wish that it will grow more and more. I am very sorry that I could not attend the excursion, being very occupied.

General Syrový.

/hrb

Verkhne-Udinsk, Siberia,
August 31, 1919.

General Hojack,
Governor 2nd Military District,
Verkhne-Udinsk.

Sir:

In compliance with written authority transmitted to Colonel Morrow by you under date of August 14, 1919, he took possession of and occupied barracks allotted to his command at Beresovka.

On August 27th Colonel Morrow was notified that the Americans could not retain possession of and occupy the barracks previously allotted them at Beresovka as these barracks were to be occupied by Russian troops, but that school and other buildings in Verkhne-Udinsk would be requisitioned by the Russian authorities to provide the necessary quarters for the American troops.

In view of the probable need of these buildings for school purposes it is not believed that it would be wise for the Americans to take these school buildings for military purposes. Also, these buildings are not large enough to provide for the troops and animals of the American command and are not otherwise suited for the purposes.

War Prison Camp, Krasnaja-Rjetchka, Sept. 14 th 1919.

Dear Colonel.

During the last days in Chabarovsk, when I took leave off you I requested you to permit me, to have my people sent money to me through you. You were so kind to encourage me to do so. Now I received words from U.S. with the intelligence, that they are going to send some amount by this way. In case you should receive it, please forgive me that I add new trouble, for my personal want, to your many important duties.

Conditions and live in our camp are running very smooth. We all regret, that you had no opportunity to see our Prison town, how perfectly beautiful it looked in Summer. The camp is very big now. All buildings, except the former American E Comp. Quarters are inside the fence. In E comp. Quarters we have our own slaughter house, for we slain our own cattle now, and there is also our cattle range consisting of about 40 live stock.

Including this I am sending you a birds eye view of Red River. It looks exactly as a picture taken from an Aeroplane but in fact it is only the picture of a model which Leut. Toth our Camp-surveyer, during five Months made. The model is as big as your writing desk but so accurate in detail and wonderful in workmanship that the Japanese Officers have bought it for the Imperial Tokio Museum. You see even the ruins of former laundry which was destroyed by fire.

Our camp is one big flowergarden, especially the part where the Cossaks were quartered. I strongly believe that at present there is no ground in all Siberia as fragrant and beautiful as Red River. Capt. Larkins would be tickled to death to observe that there is no more police work to be done than the regular every day work. The last days there was " Flower Day " in Chabarovsk for the benefit of the Russian Armeé. At town there were hardly any flowers to be had, so the town sent their winning sex to Red River to collect flowers. I assure you Colonel, they got more than they expected, I mean flowers.

The Tennis articles which we ordered yet in April from Manila, finally came three weeks ago, so that our Tennis season is of very short duration. But the Photographic supplies ordered from Yokohama also in April seem to be lost with our 90 Dollars which we sent to cover our order, so that our Camp Photographer is badly handikaped in his work.

The Staff as you know it to be, is, except little changes, still still busy. Major Reder enjoys splendid health now, and I dare say now, that I think, the former unknown " American hustling busy pace " has rather racked his anyhow often sorely tried nervous system.

Dear Colonel, kindly remember me to Leut. James. We who knew him better, and I myself have written him quite frequently, but finally given up as a hopeless job, as there never came any encouraging answer. Since you left our camp we had very sears news about you dear Colonel, and you dont know much sympathy and respectful estimation the camp cherished for you.

The prospects and news, which I received from my friends in U.S. sound very inviting, so that have good hopes, to have the honor and pleasure to meet you yet Colonel.

Kindly excuse me all the bother which I am apt to give as long

as a Prisoner of War, but be assured, that I always will be thankful and most loyally remembering what you have done for me and my unfortunate comrades.

I am very respectfully

Yours devoted

PS. Major von Reder requested me to forward his respectful greetings to you.

Miyu, Oct. 5, 1919.

Colonel Morrow

Commander of American Troops,
Beresovka, Siberia,

Dear Colonel,

Thanking for the favour you have so kindly shown to me in your official and private capacities while I was here, by which I was able to perform the duties assigned to me and also for your kind presence with your staff at the Station to see me off when I left, I beg to inform you that all our troops have returned home without any hindrance by the last day of October.

Repeating my thanks I request you to give my best wishes and compliments to all under your Command.

Yours most faithfully,

Major Genl. I Yoshiz

Шведский Красный Крестъ.

SCHWEDISCHES ROTES KREUZ.
SWEDISH RED CROSS.

Адресъ для телеграммы:
„ШВЕДКРЕСТЬ“

ПОЧТ. ЯЩИКЪ 146
ТЕЛ. № 1463.

Иркутскъ th October 20 - 1919.
Мыльниковская, 36.

№ 2748

Sir,

From a report just received from the eldest officer of the camp of Beresovka, we learn, that you, Sir, together with Mr. R. Clark, chief of the committee of the Y. M. C. A., there, had the kindness to devote your attention to the warprisoners, bestowing upon them all the support in your power of which we are in detail well informed by the report of the officer aforesaid.

Will you, please, Sir, allow us to express to you as well as to Mr. Clark the best thanks of the warprisoners who will be as well utterly obliged to you for whatever you may do further for them.

We have the honour to be, Sir,

Respectfully yours

G. Sedgwick

Delegate of the Swedish Red Cross.

To
Colonel the Honourable
Morrow, Commander of the
American 27th - Regiment,

BERESOVKA.



*File
col Morrow
Personal file*

October 25, 1919.

Colonel Morrow,
Commanding, U. S. Troops.

Sir:

Twenty American officers, including yourself, are requested to be present at the Russian Officer's Club at noon on October 31st, 1919, at a celebration in honor of our Emperor's Birthday.

Respectfully,

Major General Ogata,
Commanding, Japanese Army.

NOTE:-

On the same day at 10:30 A. M., the Japanese troops will parade on the drill ground north of Japanese quarters. If Colonel Morrow will join the parade, I will feel highly honored. If you please, I would like to know the names of the officers who will be present.

General Ogata.

Letterman General Hospital,
Presidio San Francisco, Cal.
October 30, 1919.

Col. Charles Haskell Morrow,
Cath. Infantry,
Verkhne Aynak, Siberia.

Dear Col. Morrow,

Just a few lines to thank you for your very

kind letter of the 28th. I left Vladivostok on the night of September 20th on the
Taman. On account of an inspection made by Col. Davis I was made
transport surgeon from Vladivostok to Manila. There were a number
of sick people on board, there were rumors of cholera and everyone
got sick. In addition to that everyone of the Manila soldiers
had to be given the smallpox vaccine. Fortunately I re-
ceived of the job at Manila.

From Manila on the trip was fairly pleasant,
although we had to go out of our course to make a stop at
Guam.

When we arrived at San Francisco I found a very

tight situation. Mainly that the Hearst papers are using the most
entire sort of tactics to discredit the expedition in Africa.

Just the minute that the transport goes in the bay the papers
board and proceed to interview the men. They just quote the same

usual charges and do not *sent with a minimum of W.D.*
Inclusion is self-explanatory. The papers are being

barred by the government and the intention is to keep the
Hearst papers from peddling the news they were not quoted.

May I suggest to the Col. that he watch out for the reporters
of the San Francisco Call and the San Francisco Examiner. The
Examiner, Call are Hearst papers and the examiner is printing

a lot of interviews that are most unfavorable to the Col. The Daily News has been running a lot of antagonistic articles. If I had mine to do over again I would make the reporter take the interview down and give me a signed statement as to what he was going to say. From experience I would say that the examiner is more than apt to put down what you say absolutely incorrectly.

Things are very unsettled here and the army will be kept busy on strike duty. The soft coal miners, railroads and other unions seem bent on striking unless they get to the point where they run the government.

Hope that you are pleasantly located in Barracks at Verdone Utah. Request that you notice the inclosure to the inclosure.

Best wishes to all I am,

Robert E. Graham

P.S. One article in one of the papers stated that there was a secret march made with the prisoners. That you had the men to a surprise march because of a bet between you and General Bull of the Japanese L. F. Force.

T. E. G.

AMEX, Vladivostok.

Hq. 27th Infantry, Beresovka, Siberia, 1919.

Five five two: November 15, For Colonel Morrow. Your brother
elected Governor of Kentucky, forty thousand majority. Harry
S. New, U. Senator. end

K I N G .

/tp

Colonel Morrow

Personal File

80

Military Order

No. 17

Vladivostok

Commanding officer of the
American troops in
Baikal Sector

Enclosing a copy of a telegram from Major
General Kufanov No. 482 for your in-
formation, I request, in case of agreement
to accept sick with contagious diseases,
(injection cases) to receive the required
warehouses from Engineer Kemya,
Beresovka and to inform him about all
changes that will take place in the
warehouses.

General Pryack

Telegram A 00147

Vladivostok General Pryack

From Chita

Taman agrees to let the American
have the warehouses on condition
if those hospitals with
soldiers with
all diseases
patients are
at hospitals

for General

Commando of the
American Expedition Forces

in

R. Ulinst

The prisoners of war of the Austro-
Army: Alfred Braun, Franz Toppler, Rudolph Schuster, Hans
Wieg, Strick, and Otto Piffel, being at present in prison in the
R. Ulinst, in connection with the American Expedition
Forces for their protection in the preceding matters.

These prisoners of war are
permitted as Austrian citizens to see the population of the district
having no representation before Russian authorities at all, and
cannot be treated for their matter.

They were mobilized in the summer
1914 by the army, but have not taken part neither political
nor military and so have not fought at all.

Besides - as you will know,
according to the Peace Contract of the 31st September 1918
underwritten in Kojimachin by the representatives of the

1) Provisional Government in Siberia; and
2) Ataman (at present general) Semjonov,
and guaranteed by the representatives of the

3) Chinese Government;
4) American and Japanese Governments;

5) Municipal of the town of Troickosavsk;
6) and Chuchka

7) and Red Cross;

8) Russian Consulate in Kojimachin, etc, etc

we received absolute political immunity.

And now we are arrested and
molested (Moukka) since several mandates and so on
will stay here for a long time and will be used against
us in the future. 22nd of September 1918

Protocols were written by the

10110

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THE AMERICAN RED CROSS

Irkutsk, Siberia
November 18, 1919.

FROM: Acting Division Manager, Central Division
TO: Col. G. H. Morrow, 27th Infantry
SUBJECT: Assignment of Personnel to Verkhne Udinsk

As per our conversation of day before yesterday, I am sending to Verkhne Udinsk between forty and fifty female personnel to take charge of the Verkhne Udinsk hospital. We have placed Dr. David E. Rouse, who was formerly in charge of the hospital at Irkutsk, in charge of the hospital at Verkhne Udinsk. Any matters to be settled in regard to hospital activities will be taken up with Dr. Rouse or Dr. O'Connor, who is in charge of the surgical work in your district.

I wish at this time to express my gratitude and appreciation for the manner in which you have treated the American Red Cross, and for the courteous helpfulness and strength which I feel sure the organization will receive from you and your staff in the future. I am making a stand now which may be criticised considerably by the "bores that be", but which I expect you, as Colonel of the 27th Infantry and a friend of the writer, to uphold him in in this crisis as to the distribution of our personnel.

Miss Wright, who will deliver this letter, is to work for Mr. Roberts until such time as Major Harpole arrives in Verkhne Udinsk, but if you have any work which necessitates the use of a stenographer, I hope you will have yourself free of her services.

I have in the past three days eliminated Miss McIntyre as having charge of all personnel; also Dr. Bisson as physician in charge of the hospital, and in the future all orders for personnel, as well as lights, hours, etc., will come from Miss Wilbur. I am writing this to let you understand that Miss McIntyre has charges of the nurses only, as far as hospital work is concerned. Dr. Bisson is to be put in charge of the dispensary, and Dr. O'Connor is the man to whom I look for the work of the hospital activities in and about Verkhne Udinsk. He is a good fellow, reliable, and I am sure that you will approve this appointment. It is needless to say that I am anxious for you to approve of any appointment which is made in Verkhne Udinsk, as I consider Colonel Morrow of the 27th Infantry is going to have a great influence upon the future success of the American Red Cross in this district.



THE AMERICAN RED CROSS

-2-

I shall myself return to Washington at the earliest possible moment - possibly Monday of next week and at that time will ask that I may have a conference with you as to policies of the Red Cross in this district.

With very kindest regards to you and your staff,

Very sincerely,

J. W. Prince

J. W. PRINCE
Acting Division Manager
Central Division
Captain, U. S. A.

JWP/CK

Col. Morrow

Presents sent by you Nov. 22, 1919
were received and distributed among
our children and ourselves. The pre-
sents themselves are not so dear, as
it is dear the care and the desire to
help us by you and Your People.
In acknowledging the receipt of the pre-
sents, we wish to express to you Colonel
our sincere thanks and also request
you Colonel to transmit our appreciation
to the Great American People.

Nov. 25, 1919 Berea, Ohio

(Seven signatures)
Wives of officers of
Berea Garrison

My wife

Col. Morrow

The near future, we shall be
able to repay in the same manner
to the sons of the Freedom loving nations.
Articles received according to the list
enclosed here.

Lieut. General. A. Suleritz

Chief of staff

Lieut. Col. Signature

adjutant

Capt. signature.

Summer drawers	-	101
" shirts	-	93
Booths	-	49
Socks	-	105
Winter drawers	-	50
Sweaters	-	48
Grey shirts	-	41
Cloth mangers	-	202 ⁴ arshin
" Grey	-	203 ¹⁴ "

Hq. 27th Inf. Beresovka, Siberia.

C.O. U.S. Troops.

Mysovaya.

Number fifty nine November twenty six _____ M. You know my position regarding the railroad and armored car period. If armored car attacks Czechs or fires on railroad cars in the yards destroy the armored car stop. I am sending Novak and thirty seven millimeters to you this afternoon period. Inform armored train commander that Semenov and myself are friends and that if he precipitates a battle there he will be destroyed period.

MORROW

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY,
Beresovka, Siberia, Dec. 1, 1919.

From: Morale Officer, 27th Infantry.

To: Commanding Officer.

Subject: Mr. James Murray, K. of C.

1. I desire to call the attention of the Commanding Officer to the activities of Mr. James Murray, K. of C. Secretary since his arrival at this station. My first occasion for complaint came as a result of Mr. Murray's trip over the sector with the K. of C. car shortly after his arrival here. It was reported to me that he had been giving liquor to the enlisted men on this car, and also to enlisted men travelling on the courier car to and from stations in the sector. Upon Mr. Murray's return I asked him if the report were true. He admitted that it was. I then told him that I knew the Commanding Officer would not tolerate such proceeding and that if I heard of his drinking with enlisted men again I would report the fact to the Commanding Officer with a request that Mr. Murray be removed from this sector.

2. Since this time Mr. Murray has been a continual nuisance. His drinking with and giving liquor to enlisted men has not been stopped. Mr. Flynn has been told by enlisted men when he has refused to drink with them that he was no sport as was his "pal, Jim Murray". Time after time Mr. Murray has come to the office intoxicated, in fact I do not ever remember of his having visited my office, sober. He has created trouble at the Officers' Club where every courtesy and consideration has been extended him as is fitting should be extended a guest of the regiment. He is a hindrance to me and he is a hindrance to Mr. Flynn, whose one idea seems to be a desire to give this command the help and co-operation that I believe the Knights of Columbus organization sent him here to give. I must confess that I feel unable to cope with the situation as it stands. As far as my work is concerned, the K. of C. whose work in France I had heard praised so highly, is proving a thorn in my side, and a hindrance rather than a help.

3. In connection with the last statement concerning the
of C., I would like to speak of the work of Mr. Charles
Flynn of that organization. Mr. Flynn has seen a great help to
me and a great help to the regiment. I talked the situation over
with Mr. Flynn the day of the latter's arrival. I told him that
the Commanding Officer's idea was cooperation and not competition,
in order that our men might be benefited to the greatest degree
possible by the presence of his organization. I further informed
him that I knew the Commanding Officer would give him every aid in
his power if he would co-operate with us. I have nothing but
praise for the work of Mr. Flynn since he is working for the good
of the regiment, greatly handicapped too by the antagonism and
blunderings of Mr. Murray.

4. Although I have nothing but good feelings towards Mr.
Murray personally, still I think it would be better for the morale
of the regiment to say nothing of the reputation of the Knights
of Columbus organization itself, if Mr. Murray could be removed
from this sector. I therefore respectfully request the Commanding
Officer to exercise his authority by ordering Mr. Murray out of
the sector or that he relieve me as morale officer of this command,
as I am unwilling to accept the responsibility for the condition
I believe the morale of the regiment will be in, if Mr. Murray's
presence is continued here.


Tom C. Coogan,
1st Lieut., 27th Infantry.

11/tr

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY,
Beresovka, Siberia, Dec. 1, 1919.

From: Morale Officer, 27th Infantry.
To: Commanding Officer.
Subject: Mr. James Murray, K. of C.

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Beresovka, Siberia,
December 4, 1919.

Mr. Garry McGarry,
Directing Secretary Knights of Columbus,
Vladivostok, Siberia.

My dear Mr. McGarry:

Mr. Murray is leaving here on Monday December 8th for Vladivostok. There is a lengthy story in connection with his rather sudden departure from Beresovka, but I will tell you that he is leaving this very desirable station at the request of the Commanding Officer, Colonel Morrow.

The morning I arrived here the Colonel called me into his office and told me of Mr. Murray's constant drinking, and also his frequent drinking with enlisted men, which had destroyed his usefulness to such an extent that his continued presence at this post was highly undesirable. The Colonel not desiring to be unduly harsh with Mr. Murray offered the suggestion that the state of his health might be given as the reason of his withdrawal without causing undue comment, insisting, however, that he leave on the next American train.

You can imagine my astonishment at the revelation of Mr. Murray's conduct since I had had no previous intimation of the existence of such a condition. I took the matter up at once with Mr. Murray, and urged that he be guided by the Colonel's advice. Mr. Murray stated at this time that he would not go to Vladivostok, so I offered the suggestion that we see the Colonel together. I asked the Colonel for an appointment, and in granting it he suggested that Mr. Flynn be also present. Lt. Colonel Willem was in the Colonel's office at the time, and the matters taken up are covered by statements in letters herewith enclosed.

It is a very serious matter when the Commanding Officer of a regiment indicts anyone under his control, and I wish you would give Mr. Murray's case immediate attention.

With best wishes,

I am sincerely yours

Joseph S. Loughran
JOSEPH S. LOUGHRAN,
Chaplain United States Army.

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY,
KORESOVKA, SIBERIA, Dec. 5, 1919.

From: A. C. Silliam Jr., Lt. Colonel 27th Infantry.
To: Mr. Gary McGarry, Directing Secretary, A. of C.
Subject: Mr. James Murray.

1. This letter is written for your information regarding the actions of Mr. James Murray, A. of C. Secretary, who has been on duty at this station with the 27th Infantry.

2. Mr. Murray started out in splendid style, but drank to excess. I have seen him on several occasions too intoxicated to properly carry on his work. I believe he possesses many qualities which if properly directed would make him very successful in his work, but I think his usefulness here has ended.

3. Personally I like him and I believe Mr. Murray will state that our relations have been very friendly. I wish him no harm whatever but I think it best that he leave here.

4. His conduct has been commented upon to me as Lieut. Colonel of the regiment very frequently by officers of the regiment. His intoxicated condition was noticeable at the Officer's Club upon one occasion that I personally saw.

A. C. Silliam Jr.
A. C. Silliam Jr.
Lt. Col. 27th Infantry.

/js

FIELD HOSPITAL CO. NO. FOUR.
AFF-BERESOVKA, SIBERIA.
December 5th, 1919.

FROM : Arthur K. Baldwin, 1st. Lieut., Medical Corps.
TO : Colonel Morrow, Commanding Officer, 27th Infantry.
SUBJECT : Illness of James Murray.

1. James Murray, Knights of Columbus, was under my care, while suffering from influenza from November 12th, 1919 to November 26th, 1919. Early he had a fever and later the marked weakness and prostration which follows that disease.

2. Previous to his illness I saw Mr. Murray several times when he was intoxicated at the Officer's Club.

3. During his illness he drank intoxicating beverages which were not prescribed by me. I did not see him markedly intoxicated during this time.

4. It is my opinion that excessive use of alcoholic liquors may have prolonged Mr. Murray's convalescence.

AKB:

Arthur K. Baldwin
ARTHUR K. BALDWIN.

incl 2

Twenty Seventh U. S. Infantry,
Beresovka, Siberia,
December 6, 1919.

Mr. Gary McGarry
Directing Secretary, Knights of Columbus
Vladivostok, Siberia

Dear Sir:

On the morning of December 3d Colonel Morrow, the Commanding Officer of this post, informed me that he wished to see Chaplain Loughtan, Mr Murray and me in his office immediately after officers' call, when in our presence, and in the presence of Lt. Col. Gillem he stated emphatically that the conditions were such that the association of Mr Murray with the 27th Infantry could no longer be tolerated. Mr Murray is therefore leaving here on Monday Dec. 8th for Vladivostok, and I have been directed by the commanding officer to make a detailed statement of facts concerning the reasons for Mr Murray's departure. It is my duty therefore both to the Knights of Columbus and the men whom I am serving, that I write to you frankly and fully regarding Mr Murray's conduct while we were en route from Vladivostok, and since our arrival at this station. My task is indeed a painful, but necessary one.

Mr Murray is accused not only of intemperance himself, but in giving liquor to, and drinking with, enlisted men of this regiment. These accusations, I regret to say, are true.

The first knowledge I had of Mr Murray's drinking with the enlisted men was on the K. C. car enroute when he gave to several of them some whiskey, they in turn brought vodka into the car, which was in direct violation of the train commander's orders. I strenuously objected at these actions which I believed to be poor policy on the part of a welfare worker. Our car was made a hiding place for liquor especially vodka. From my own knowledge Mr Murray was constantly drinking on the trip and his condition was known by the officers and men with us.

Shortly after our arrival in Beresovka, Mr Murray made the first trip up the line to the outlying detachments of the 27th Infantry in our K. C. car, after an absence of eleven days he returned to this station under the influence of liquor and remained in that condition until I myself started up the line three days later.

At each detachment I visited on the trip tales of Mr Murray drinking reached my ears and soldiers came to the car asking for "Uncle Jim" and at inquiry revealed that they were after vodka, as it had been freely dispensed from the K. C. car on the previous trip according to the statements of the men. An officer who happened to make the trip with me on hearing the statements of officers and enlisted men along the way remarked that if the K. C. wished to continue welfare work with the 27th, it would be imperative that Mr Murray be immediately removed.

On my return to Beresovka, statements were made direct to me by the Morale Officer and others of Mr Murray's heavy drinking during my absence and on visiting the barracks of this post I was frequently chided by the men because I did not drink with them.

Mr Murray's constant drinking and habit of treating the men has been a common topic of comment in the post among the officers and men.

There can be no doubt that Mr Murray's prompt removal from Beresovka was an urgent necessity as his continued presence here would have jeopardized any good that the order might accomplish in this regiment.

With very best wishes, I am

Faithfully yours

Chas. J. Flynn
K of C. Secretary

HEADQUARTERS TWENTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY,
Beresovka, Siberia, Dec. 6, 1919.

From: Commanding Officer, 27th Infantry.
To: Mr. Gary McLarry, Directing Secretary, Knights of
Columbus, Vladivostok.
Subject: Mr. James Murray.

About five weeks ago you sent to this station Mr. Charles Flynn and Mr. James Murray to conduct at this station the work of the Knights of Columbus. These gentlemen were received with every kindness and every facility afforded them for the accomplishment of their purpose. Mr. Flynn's work has been of the highest character, reflecting the greatest credit upon your organization. At the same time it has been of the greatest assistance to me and the troops of my command. Unfortunately Mr. Murray's conduct and actions have been such as to necessitate his return to Vladivostok. Mr. Murray has been continually under the influence of liquor ever since his arrival here. He appears in the Headquarters Club, and hospitals so apparently under the influence of liquor as to set a bad example to the enlisted men of the command. Several times his drinking with enlisted men has been reported to me and these reports were correct. I have carefully observed him myself and know of my own knowledge that his mind is befogged by vodka and is always in a half-drunken condition. Owing to his condition he hindered and hampered the work of Mr. Flynn. I made every endeavor to have Murray sober up realizing his many good and kindly traits, but he could not get control of himself. I desire you to fully understand that my action was taken with the greatest reluctance and only after every effort had failed. I reported his condition to Chaplain Loughran and laid the matter fully before him in all its phases. You must believe this action on my part was taken not only for the good of my command but for the good of your own organization. My morale officer frequently reported to me that Murray was hurting the morale of the troops and hindering the work of your organization. There has been no trouble between Murray and the Y. M. C. A. nor is this trouble the outgrowth of personal feelings between Flynn and Murray.

Flynn has in every way attempted to help Murray and sober him up. The fact briefly stated is this: Murray's conduct and drunkenness has reached such a point as to render his presence more objectionable instead of being a benefit to the command he causes trouble, prevents accomplishment and his example is bad for the men of the command. The report of my morale officer is herewith enclosed, also a report from a medical officer who doctor'd him during his recent illness.

C. H. MERRON,
Colonel, 27th Infantry.

CMB/tp

COLONEL'S TWENTY-SEVENTH INFANTRY,
Krasovka, Siberia, Dec. 8, 1919.

Colonel J. D. Leitch.

My dear Colonel:

I am enclosing herewith certain papers relating to Mr. James Murray, Knights of Columbus Secretary. You will know and fully understand how I hated to take this action, how long I delayed, and how unpleasant it was for me. A religious thing is always nasty and dangerous. But Murray's drunkenness and conduct became so bad that I could not in self respect permit him to remain here. He is blessed with the gift of gab and in every way will attempt to talk himself out of this situation. I write you this so you may be fully prepared. The Omsk ^{government} is at an end, there is positively no government in this country. The entire country is red. The railroad is almost paralyzed and general conditions in the country defy description. I cannot more fully describe the situation.

Sincerely

C. J. MORROW,
Colonel, 27th Infantry,
Commanding.

Only to
bmel.



THE AMERICAN RED CROSS
Commission to Siberia
CAMP SERVICE

Bereznika, 24th Sector 1919

Colonel Morrow

20th Inf. Reg.

Bereznika

Dear Sir,

In the name of all
Romanian, Austrian & Hungarian
war prisoners of this camp and
Verkhine Admetk I herewith beg
to express my heartiest thanks
for all your kindnesses during
the time we have had the
honor to work for you resp.
your glorious service.

With all good wishes for
a merry Christmas and a happy
prosperous new year, I
beg to remain

Your obedient servant

John J. [unclear]
Trustee for prisoners

Ernest
Morrow
24

Society

The

Headquarters 27th U. S. Infantry,
Beresovka, Siberia, Dec. 26, 1919.

City Mayor of Verkhne-Udinsk.

The American Command Colonel Morrow makes the following announcement to the people of Verkhne-Udinsk, which I request that the city Administration to publish for the information of the population. That no local party or armed force shall disturb the city. That no internal uprising threatening the peace and safety of the population shall take place. Verkhne-Udinsk is now quiet and should remain so. The railroad must continue its uninterrupted operations. This announcement is made in order that our position may be known.

C. H. MORROW,
Colonel, 27th U. S. Infantry,
Commanding American Troops,
Zai-baikal Sector.

/tp

*Col Morrow's
file*

Commanding the Special Bai-Baikal
Rifle Brigade,
No. 418.
Dec. 29, 1919.
Beregovka.


Commanding the American Troops at Baikai Sector.

I have received a copy of the proclamation, transmitted to the City Mayor and addressed to the population, and I wish to express my sincere thanks to you, Colonel Morrow, for your desire and readiness to keep order and peace in the City of Verkhne-Uainsk.

(Signed)

Major General Myskina
Siberian Army.

A TRUE COPY :


A. R. Billingham,
Lieut., Colonel, 6th Infantry.

Commanding the Special Zabaikal
Rifle Brigade.-
No. 218.
Dec. 29, 1919.
Beresovka.

Commanding the American Troops at Baikal Sector.

I have received a copy of the proclamation, transmitted to
the city Mayor and addressed to the population, and I wish to
express my sincere thanks to you, Colonel Morrow, for your desire
and readiness to see order and peace in the city of Beresovka.

Yours General Service.

File - Col Morrow file
together with copy of proclamation

JJ

Commanding the Special Bai-Baikal
Rifle Brigade.
No. 218.
Dec. 29, 1919.
Beresovka.

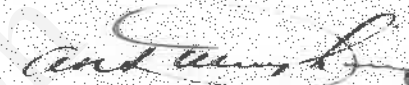
Commanding the American Troops at Baikai Sector.

I have received a copy of the proclamation, transmitted
to the City Mayor and addressed to the population, and I wish
to express my sincere thanks to you, Colonel Larrov, for your
decise and readiness to keep order and peace in the city of
Verkhne-Ualinsk.

(Signed)

Major General Lyssura
Siberian Army.

A TRUE COPY :


L. H. Billingham,
Lieut., Colonel, 6th Infantry.