served as chairman of this investigative committee.) a comparatively new institution.
The Juverile Court functioned thorough the Court, Judge Peter was paroring to bring and his court at the highest efficiency and in consequence and brought a Mrs. Rogers to Souis ville as Chief 3 robation affects. one time was the granule Court The Co-aperation of the labor wisherto the furenile Don't is a propertie How som wanty chest the Brother host 53,86 3 5 6,09

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No. on Staff. (a) What types of workers do you have? College Grade

Budget for the current fiscal year (1923) 29818

The aim or object of your organization.

To influence character by furnishing through its clubs, classes and other activities, a social and intellecutual center for the neighborhood, and by a close personal touch with the neighbors through visiting and performing any neighborly office for which there is need, to improve the environment by allying itself Type of work?

> Do you cover the sope of your work by calling it "Settlement"?

Approximate population in territory covered?

The date you organized.

with organizions for civic bmprovement, whose benefits react on the MEXICANERA neighborhood. In the matter of child labor, tenement house and other reforms, the settlement is in a position to see the need of legislation and is therefore committed to this public work for the benefit of the whole community.

They ghens

AMERICANIZATION

What Women's Organizations Can Do

Americanize one Immigrant Woman

Get one Immigrant to become a Citizen

Teach one Foreign Born Mother English

Put one Immigrant Family on your Calling List



NATIONAL AMERICANIZATION COMMITTEE
20 WEST 34th STREET, NEW YORK CITY

AMERICANIZATION

Program of work for Women's Organizations

Clubs and organizations of various kinds are alive with interest in Americanization, and are working out definite programs in their committees.

The work is particularly fitted for wonen's organizations:

- 1. The immigrant woman is a neglected factor in our civilization. Her degree of assimilation is unnoted; no provision is made for her instruction; the thought of citizenship is seldom associated with her, and she is given scant consideration in the development of our communities.
- 2. Women's organizations can do much to educate public sentiment, to influence boards of education, health, housing, etc., and society at large to remedy community neglect.
- 3. Women's organizations can encourage the holding of Americanization Day Celebrations, urge the participation of immigrant women in national holidays, and secure a part for them in all celebrations.

The work needed is definite and practical. It is outlined in this program. Suggestions and also specific plans of work in accordance with the general leads will be furnished upon application.

EDUCATION AND LIBRARY COMMITTEES

Make English the Universal Language.

- 1. Study the conditions that already exist:
 - (a) Are there night schools and classes;if so,
 - (b) What proportion of the immigrant population attend?
 - (c) What proportion of the immigrant population do not speak English and are not naturalized and why do they not attend night school?

2. Improve existing conditions:

- (a) Urge the Board of Education to institute classes for men and women.
- (b) Influence public opinion to secure support of Boards of Estimate and City Councils.
- (c) Co-operate with Board of Education in establishing afternoon classes for women.
- (d) Conduct regular afternoon classes for women as a club activity.

II. Enlist All Educational Agencies of the Community for Americanization at a Social Necessity.

- 1. Libraries.—Secure their use:
 - (a) As a place for classes, if needed.

- (b) As reading rooms.
 - (Urge that simple books about America be supplied in foreign languages, and that bibliographies in foreign languages be circulated by means of books issued to children.)
- (c) For lectures in English and foreign languages.
- (d) As a meeting place for foreign societies.
- (e) As a meeting place for Mothers' Clubs and classes.
- 2. Settlement Houses, Y. M. C. A., Y. W. C. A., and other centers, for the same purposes and other purposes of similar nature.

III. Awaken the Community to the Importance of Americanization as a Civic Necessity.

- 1. Ask local newspapers to present local immigration facts concerning literacy and illiteracy, percentage in night school attendance, importance of immigrant workmen in productiveness of town, etc.
- 2. Suggest to editor the various aspects of the Americanization of immigrant women.
- 3. Make a special point of need of Americanization in immigrant homes as a basis of good citizenship and social solidarity.

Data and suggestions as to methods of work supplied upon request.

CIVIC AND LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEES.

I. Promote Naturalization.

- 1. Study the requirements for naturalization.

 (Send to the U. S. Naturalization
 Bureau for pamphlet.)
- 2. Study existing conditions:
 - (a) The number of naturalized immigrants in the community as compared with foreign-born population.
- Interest community forces in promoting citizenship among men:
 - (a) Urge employers to explain industrial and other advantages.
 - (b) Interest the best type of political leaders to present to unnaturalized men in a simple way the direct importance to them of the vote.
- 4. Interest immigrant women in citizenship:
 - (a) Urge them to induce their husbands to apply for papers, and explain the advantages to their husbands and to themselves.
 - (b) Inform them that single women may be naturalized by the same process as men, and that married women become naturalized when their husbands take out papers.
- Urge the Board of Education to conduct citizenship classes; standardized through the Federal Bureau of Education and the Bureau of Naturalization, for women as well as men.
- 6. Urge federal and county judges to accept school certificates in lieu of court examination for citizenship. (California does this.)

 Urge raising the dignity of entrance into citizenship by naturalization ceremonials and public receptions to new citizens on suitable holidays.

II. Propose or Work for Legislation.

- 1. Urge a State law authorizing any school district to employ home teachers, not over one for every 500 students in daily attendance in the district, to instruct both children and adults in their homes in English, concerning preparation for and attendance at school, sanitation, the purchase of food and clothing, and civics. (California has such a law.)
- 2. Urge a State law regulating sanitary conditions in labor camps, with minimum requirements as to water supply, baths, sewage disposal, garbage removal, etc. (California and New York State have such laws.)
- 3. Urge a State law authorizing the health authorities in any locality to inspect premises of any size that they have reason to think are not in a sanitary condition, inspection to cover ventilation, air space, toilet facilities, water supply, etc.
- Study legislation making establishment of night schools mandatory, and determine what to urge in school laws for your State.
- 5. Study laws governing private banks, and urge stringent laws to protect immigrants' savings. (New York State has such a law.)

SOCIAL AND INDUSTRIAL, HOME ECONOMICS AND PUBLIC HEALTH COMMITTEES.

- Secure an American Standard of Living in Every Part of Your Community.
 - Learn to what extent immigrant women and housewives understand American ways:
 - (a) Gain an entrance by accompanying a public health nurse or by going in a simple, friendly way to homes where there are sick babies, or by whatever way opens.
 - 2. Study general conditions of homes:
 - (a) What food does the immigrant woman buy?
 - (b) How does she feed and clothe her
 - (c) What is her idea of ventilation?
 - (d) What is her idea of sanitation?
 - 3. Investigate water supply. Is it the same throughout the town?
 - 4. Study the question of lodgers:
 - (a) Why are they taken?
 - (b) It not necessary for income can immigrant women be persuaded not to have them?
 - 5. Improve conditions of homes:
 - (a) Request Federal Commissioner of Education to issue pamphlet on Domestic Education for Immigrant women.
 - (b) Urge community agencies, including women's organizations, to finance pamphlet or leaflets in foreign languages for immigrant women.

- (c) Urge Board of Education to maintain classes in Domestic Education.

 (Ask for use of Domestic Science equipment in schools.)
- (d) Arrange for the employment of domestic educator through some community agency, to raise the standard of living.
- (e) Organize "friendly visiting" in immigrant homes under the guidance of a visiting nurse or professional social worker, as a club activity.
- (f) Co-operate with Social Agencies and Settlement Houses which have "Mothers' Clubs" for immigrant women, and clubs for immigrant girls.
- Study what Americanizing influences are at work among working women in factories, canneries, etc., other than labor organizations and develop new ways of bringing American influences to immigrant women.

II. Encourage Savings and Investments in America.

- 1. Investigate rents:
 - (a) Do rents paid by immigrants correspond in value received to rents in other sections of the community? If "company houses," are they adequate in number, size, etc.?
- 2. Study the disposition of savings:
 - (a) Co-operate with the Legal Aid Society in safeguarding the savings of immigrants.

(b) Point out the evils of:

Buying on the installment plan.

Borrowing money at high interest of loan sharks.

Responding to unreliable advertisements.

III. Improve Health Conditions.

- 1. Find out whether standards of public health and enforcement of public health laws are the same in immigrant and native sections.
- 2. Study both sections thoroughly and compare them as to:
 - (a) Possibilities of outdoor play and recreation.
 - (b) Facilities for bathing: beaches, pools, in schools.
 - (c) Sources of epidemics; how often due to local or sectional conditions.
 - (d) School buildings: crowding, ventilation, cleanliness.
 - (e) Neighborhood congestion: exact causes.
 - (f) Conditions in industrial plants: ventilation, light, causes of fatigue.
- Secure publication of public health laws in foreign languages as well as in English, and have them posted in immigrant sections as well as native. These laws may cover:
 - (a) Spitting and prevention of tuberculosis.
 - (b) Control of contagious diseases.
 - (c) Public drinking cups and towels.

- (d) Waste and garbage.
- (e) Toilets and flies.
- (f) Hours of work for women.
- (g) Vaccination.
- (h) Smoke.
- (i) Sale of alcohol and patent medicine.
- (j) Food adulteration.
- (k) Housing.
- 4. Show health authorities exactly how the conditions of public health have been influenced by the influx of immigrants and resulting congestion, and urge them to extend to the immigrant sections especially facilities for:
 - (a) Registering births and deaths.
 - (b) Promoting rural and school nursing.
 - (c) Educating in infant care.
 - (d) Licensing, standardizing and supervising midwives.
 - (e) Preventing blindness in the newborn.
 - (f) Providing segregation and proper care for contagious diseases and advanced cases of tuberculosis.
- 5. Assist health authorities to obtain adequate appropriations for their work by pointing out in the public press, and in other ways, health conditions that have resulted from the industrial growth and prosperity of the town.
- Reach foreign-born and native children alike in a campaign of health education for Boy Scouts, Camp Fire Girls, Little Mothers' Leagues, Clubs for Working Girls.

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ITTEE

Mrs. R. V. Love Mrs. Sam Matlack

AHRENS TRADE SCHOOL PRESS

University of Louisville

Second Annual Summer Conference on Citizenship June 15, 16, 1931

All sessions, except as noted, held in the Brown Hotel, Fourth and Broadway, Louisville, Kentucky

Music is under the direction of Mr. E. J. Wotawa, Professor of Music, University of Louisville

General Theme: Citizenship For A Mechanistic Age

MONDAY, JUNE 15, 8:00 P. M., CRYSTAL BALL ROOM

Topic: New Demands on Adult Leadership

Call to order: Dr. Henry Noble Sherwood, Director of the Summer School, University of Louisville.

Music: University Orchestra.

Presiding: The Right Reverend Charles E. Woodcock, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Kentucky.

Invocation: Dr. Edgar C. Lucas, President Louisville Council of Churches.

Welcome: Dr. Raymond A. Kent, President University of Louisville.

The Problem Brought to Us by the Turn of the Century (30 minutes): Dr. John M. Thurber, Professor of English, State Teachers College, Buffalo, New York.

- a. Is it man's power over matter?
- b. Is it mechanized entertainment?
- c. Is it leisure brought to us by labor-saving machinery?
- d. Is it mechanized control, e. g., Stop and Go signal?
- e. Is it organized propaganda?
- f. Is it the failure to develop techniques for human relations as rapidly as we find adjustment of matter to matter?
- g. If not these things, then what is it?

The Way Out (30 minutes): Dr. Edward Scribner Ames, Pastor, University Church, Disciples of Christ, and Professor of Philosophy, University of Chicago.

- a. Where shall we look for help?
- b. Does the church program have it?
- c. Has organized labor found it? Or organized capital?
- d. Do our schools know it?
- e. Have our clubs discovered it?
- f. If the past has an answer, what is it?
- g. Just what is the way to meet the demands of our mechanistic age?

OPEN FORUM LEADERS

Miss Ethel M. Lovell, Principal Theodore Ahrens Trade School.

Colonel P. H. Callahan, President Louisville Varnish Company.

Dr. J. B. Weatherspoon, Professor Homolitics and Sociology, Southern Baptist Theological Seminary, Louisville.

TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 10 A. M., THE PLAYHOUSE, BELKNAP CAMPUS

Topic: Obligations of the School in This Age

Presiding: Miss Gertrude Kohnhorst, President Louisville Educational Association.

Music.

The School Program for Today (30 minutes): Dr. Clyde B. Moore, Professor of Education, Cornell University.

- a. Is it to train the mind alone? The hand also? The heart?
- b. Is it based only on a bread and butter foundation?
- c. Is it pupil-centered?
- d. Should it teach adults?
- e. Just what is the school for anyway?
- f. Where is there a model school?

The Teacher for Our Age (30 minutes): Dr. William S. Taylor, Dean of the School of Education, University of Kentucky.

- a. Just what training is needed?
- b. How can we know that she has the gift of teaching?
- c. What assurance have we that she is in sympathy with the school program?
- d. What are the community activities which demand her interest?
- e. Does the community give her social recognition? How can you tell?
- f. Name some model teachers.

OPEN FORUM LEADERS

- Mr. Yancey Altsheler, Member of the Board of Trustees, University of
- Dr. R. E. Jaggers, Kentucky Supervisor of Rural Elementary Schools, Frankfort.
- Mr. Charles G. Tachau, Chairman House Council, Community Chest.

TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 12:15 P. M., ROOF GARDEN LUNCHEON SESSION

Make reservations with the Director of Summer School, University of Louisville.

Price of luncheon, \$1.00.

Topic: Obligations of the Church in This Age

Presiding: Dr. J. M. Artman, General Secretary, The Religious Education Association, Chicago.

Music.

Prayer: Rev

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Prayer: Rev. Francis J. Martin, Church of Christ the King, Louisville.

Obligations of the Church in This Age (30 minutes): Dr. F. C. Eiselen, President Garrett Biblical Institute, Evanston, Illinois.

- a. Is its program adapted to the needs of the time?
- b. Is its ministry properly trained?
- c. Is it adequately equipped as to buildings, etc.?
- d. Must it, in any way, break with the past?
- e. Is there a model church? Where?

OPEN FORUM LEADERS

Dr. Charles L. Pratt, Professor of Missions and Evangelism, Louisville Presbyterian Seminary.

Dr. A. R. Kasey, President Louisville Ministerial Association.

Mr. Harry Nute Lukins, Attorney, Louisville.

Mr. Henry Johnson, President Kentucky Council of Religious Education.

TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 2:00 P. M., ROOF GARDEN

Topic: Obligations of the Home in This Age

Presiding: Robert F. Vaughan, President Louisville Board of Trade.

The Parent and the Child (30 minutes): Judge Camille Kelley, Juvenile Court, Memphis, Tennessee. Introduction by Mrs. B. M. Starks, Louisville.

- a. Is the parent physically fit for parenthood?
- b. What is the program for the child in the pre-school period?
- c. Just how much of the day should find parent and child together?
- d. What influence has parental conduct on the child?
- e. Who is the good parent?

The Relation of the Home to Other Institutions: Mrs Jessie A. Charters, Head of Division of Parental Education, Ohio State Department of Education, and Professor of Adult Education, Ohio State University.

- a. Who should introduce the child to the experience outside the home?
- b. How should the home, if at all, identify itself with the church?
- c. What is the best relationship between the school and the home?
- d. What service can the home render to business?

OPEN FORUM LEADERS

Miss Maud Harrison, Secretary Young Women's Christian Association, Louisville.

Dr. Frank J. O'Brien, Louisville, Kentucky.

Colonel Frank D. Rash, National Executive Committee, American Legion, Louisville, Kentucky.

TUESDAY, JUNE 16, 8:00 P. M., BALL ROOM

Topic: Community Obligations In Our Age

Presiding: Mrs. H. E. Ottenheimer, Louisville, Kentucky.

Music.

1

The Neighborhood Group: Dr. Clyde B. Moore, Cornell University.

- a. What has taken the place of the neighborhood?
- b. Of what worth is the neighborhood house?
- c. What makes a good neighborhood?
- d. How big is the neighborhood of Mr. Average Citizen?
- e. Name some exemplary neighborhoods.

The World Neighborhood: Dr. Emanuel Gamoran, Educational Director, Committee on Jewish Education, Cincinnati.

- a. Do neighborhoods have obligations one to another?
- b. Have we always had a world neighborhood?
- c. What organizations are used in a world neighborhood?
- d. Is your neighborhood a part of the world neighborhood? Why?
- e. Just what services does the world neighborhood render to you?

OPEN FORUM LEADERS

Mr. Frederick Archer, Deputy Superintendent Louisville City Schools. Mr. Tom Wallace, Editor The Louisville Times, Louisville.

Miss Frances Ingram, Neighborhood House, Louisville.

Benediction: Dr. C. L. McGinty, Professor of Old and New Testament, Baptist Women's Union Training School, Louisville.

SPONSORS OF THE CONFERENCE

Crescent Hill Woman's Club

Kiwanis Club

Louisville Board of Trade

Louisville College Club

Louisville Council of Parent-Teacher Asso-

ciations Louisville Education Association

Louisville League of Women Voters

Louisville Women's City Club

Parent-Teacher Association, Gavin Cochran School

Parent-Teacher Association, Louisville Girls

High School Parent-Teacher Association, William R. Bel-

knap Schol Rotary Club of Louisville

Sorosis Club

Woman's Club of Louisville

Younger Woman's Club

PROGRAM ADVISORY COMMITTEE

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Dr. Ira R. Ladd

PUBLICITY DIRECTOR Miss Sarah Fisher

AHRENS TRADE SCHOOL PRESS

You Are Cordially Invited

by the

PRESIDENT, TRUSTEES AND FACULTY

of the

University of Louisville

To attend the

Fifth Annual Summer Conference On Citizenship

To be held at

The University of Louisville

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BELKNAP CAMPUS

June 18, 19, 1934

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Program

FIFTH ANNUAL SUMMER CONFERENCE ON CITIZENSHIP

GENERAL THEME: CITIZENSHIP IN ITS RELATION TO PARENT-TEACHER PROBLEMS

18:20

Monday, June 18, 8:00 P. M.—The Playhouse, University of Louisville

Topic: My Community and Its Political and Social Organization

Call To Order: Dr. Henry Noble Sherwood, Director of Summer School, University of Louisville.

Music: University of Louisville School of Music.

Presiding: Hon. Neville Miller, Mayor, Louisville, Kentucky.

Invocation: Dr. Luther R. Christie, Fourth Avenue Baptist Church, Louisville, Kentucky.

Is My Community Organized For Economic Administration? Professor T. F. Haygood, Assistant Professor of Economics, University of Louisville.

Is My Community Organized For Effective Character Building? Dr. J. R. Cunningham, President Presbyterian Theological Seminary, Louisville, Kentucky.

Open Forum

Tuesday, June 19, 10:00 A. M.—The Playhouse, University of Louisville

Topic: My CHILD AND THE MOVIES

Presiding: Mrs. James G. Shehan, President Kentucky Branch, National Congress of Parents and Teachers, Danville, Kentucky.

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What Does The Movie Do To My Child: Mrs. Emmet F. Horine, Co-Chairman Better Movies Council, Louisville, Kentucky.

What Shall The Movie Portray For My Child: Dr. Edgar Dale, Assistant Professor Board of Educational Research, Ohio State University, Columbus, Ohio.

Open Forum

LUNCHEON MEETING

Tuesday, June 19, 12:15 P. M.—The Alumni Rooms

To make reservations write the Director of Summer School, University of Louisville, or call MAgnolia 3646

Price of luncheon 25 cents

Topic: My CHILD AND THE PRESENT CRISIS IN EDUCATION

Presiding: Dr. Raymond A. Kent, President University of Louisville.

Invocation: Rev. John W. Myers, Milton Avenue Reformed Church, Louisville, Kentucky.

How Is My Child Affected: Dr. Ernest J. Ashbaugh, Dean School of Education, Miami University, Oxford, Ohio.

What Can Be Done To Prevent Future Crises: Dr. George A. Coe, formerly Professor of Religious Education, Teachers College, Columbia University, New York City.

Open Forum.

Tuesday, June 19, 8:00 P. M.—The Playhouse, University of Louisville

Topic: What May I Learn From Other Lands That Will Help Me In Rearing My Child

Presiding: Mr. Frederick Archer, Superintendent Public Schools, Louisville, Kentucky.

From Russia: Dr. Joseph Rauch, Rabbi Adath Israel Temple, Louisville, Kentucky.

From Switzerland and France: Dr. Felix N. Pitt, Director Catholic Education for the Diocese of Louisville, Kentucky.

Open Forum.

Benediction: Rev. Horace A. Sprague, Trinity Methodist Episcopal Church, Louisville, Kentucky.

ON CITIZENSHIP

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CHARACTER EDUCATION

A course in Character Education, taught by Dr. George A. Coe, meets daily from June 11 to June 23. The class meets for the first time at 3:00 o'clock in the Playhouse on Belknap Campus. As a non-credit course the fee is \$1.00; as a credit course (two semester hours) the fee is \$10.00.

16-10-01

The sponsors of the Conference are the Parent-Teacher Associations of Louisville and Jefferson County, Kentucky.

PROGRAM ADVISORY COMMITTEE

Mrs. J. Oliver Knight, President Fifth District

Mrs. W. J. Abram, President Jefferson County

Mrs. Frank A. Ropke, President Louisville Council

Mrs. Hughes Chambers, President Parent Education Council

Mrs. H. K. Solomon, Chairman Legislative Committee, Fifth District Board

NATIONAL COUNCIL ON NATURALIZATION AND CITIZENSHIP

QUESTIONNAIRE

prepared by

THE SUB-COMMITTEE ON EDUCATIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR NATURALIZATION

Returned by

Name ... Frances Ingram, Head Resident

Address Neighborhood House, 428 S. First St.

Louisville, Kentucky.

Organizations participating in answering this questionnaire:

- Neighborhood House Miss Frances Ingram
- 2. Unemployment Relief Bureau Miss Viola Miller
- 3. Board of Education Miss Ethel M. Lovell
- 4. Board of Education Mr. Samuel D. Jones
- Workmen's Compensation Board
- 6. Mother's Aid Department Miss Martha Davis
- 7. Legal Aid Society Mr. Emmett Fields
- 8. Federal Court Miss Sue Connaughton

If possible please return to

National Council on Maturalization and Citizenship 112 East 19th Street New York, N.Y.

On or before February 15, 1931.

(2) Do your courts take into consideration:

(a) Age?

ANSWER: Anyone over twenty-one years is eligible.

The examiner has shown great consideration to some older women in order to meet the citizenship requirements.

- (b) Sex (especially women married to American citizens)?

 ANSWER: The examiner has been very considerate in all cases.
- (c) Social implications (for instance, where a widowed mother seeks citizenship in order to become eligible for "mother's pension" or where a man seeks citizenship so as to be able to bring his family to the United States)?

 ANSWER: The court weighs every case, but at the same time does not let social standing in the community sway its judgement. One woman of immense wealth came to the examiner with two of the leading bankers as her witnesses, but as she could not answer the questions of the examiner satisfactorily, was advised to go to the citizenship class at the local social settlement.
- (d) Personal character or reputation of applicant?
- (3) Do the different judges presiding over the naturalization court or courts, in your district agree in their stand on these points? If not, please describe the situation which has resulted.

 ANSWER: There is only one naturalization judge in Louis-ville.
- B. As to ability to write.

 (1) Must a petitioner sign his name in the English alphabet or is he permitted to sign it in his native alphabet (Russian, Hebrew, etc.)?

 ANSWER: English alphabet.
- C. Educational requirements, other than tjose specified by the naturalization law, which are enforced in your courts.
 (1) As to reading English
 - (a) Is the petitioner required to read?
 ANSWER: No.
 - (b) If so, what sort of reading matter is used for testing his knowledge? (for instance, paragraphs from the Constitution, or from newspapers, or from the Bible)?
 - (6) Is there a literacy test for voters in your state?
 ANSWER: No.
- D. Are school certificates issued by the Public School authorities of your community accepted in lieu of examination by naturalization examiner or by court?

 ANSWER: No.

- E. Do the judges presiding over naturalization courts in your community or district as a rule follow the suggestions of the naturalization examiner or examiners.

 ANSWER: The whole question is left to the examiners.

 Do your judges differ in this respect?

 ANSWER: No.
- F. Does the federal court or courts in your community or district adopt the simplified procedure authorized by the Act of June 8, 1926? That is, has the judge or judges of your federal court delegated to a naturalization examiner the work of testing the applicants fitness for citizenship while he himself only occasionally questions him inopen court or requires the presence of his witnesses at the court hearing.

 ANSWER: Yes.
- G. Are there discrepancies in the educational requirements of your federal courts and of your state courts having power to naturalize aliens? If so, please describe the discrepancies and the situation which has resulted because of them in your district or community.

 ANSWER: The State court has jurisdiction, but does not naturalize.
- H. What proportion of the applicants for the naturalization were denied or "Continued" in your district or community during the fiscal year ended June 30,,1930 because of failure to meet educational requirements?

 ANSWER: Very few. Ten or twelve last year.

(1) How many were "continued"?

ANSWER:

(2) How many were denied?

ANSWER:

(3) How many applicants involved were women?
ANSWER:

(4) How many of the applicants were past 35? past 50? (both sexes)

- I. When an application for naturalization is denied or "continued" because of failure to meet the educational requirements, who assumes responsibility for seeing that the applicant is offered the necessary training?

 ANSWER: Always the federal examiner advises those applicants who have failed to meet educational requirements to go to Neighborhood House, a social settlement, to receive citizenship training.
- J. (1) Please list the courts for which you have furnished the information asked for in PART ONE. Where are they located?

 ANSWER: Federal District Court, located in the Post Office Building in Louisville, Kentucky.

 (2) How many judges naturalize aliens in your district or community?

 ANSWER: One.

PART TWO

- WHAT EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES SPECUFUCALLY INTENDED FOR ALIENS WERE OFFERED IN YOUR COMMUNITY FOR THE SCHOOL YEAR 1929 - 1930 BY THE PUBLIC SCHOOL SYSTEM? (GII questins auswers by min Lovell.
 - (1) Number of evening classes.
 - (a) "English for foreigners" classes. ANSWER: There are two "English for foreigners" classes offered by the Board of Education.

of the Board of Ed.)

- (b) Special citizenship classes. ANSWER: There is one citizenship class for foreign born offered by the Board of Education, and conducte at Neighborhood House.
- (2) Number of day classes.
 - (a) For night workers ANSWER: There are no day classes conducted for night workers.
 - (b) For home keepers. ANSWER: Although there are no special classes for foreign born conducted in the afternoons, there are certain classes for homekeepers available.
- (3) Number of sessions per week. . ANSWER: The citizenship class is conducted three times per week, with two hour sessions.
- (4) Number of weeks in school year
 - (a) For "English for foreigners" classes. ANSWER: There are 28 weeks in the school year.
 - (b) For citizenship training classes. ANSWER: There are 28 weeks in the school year.
- (5) Are your public school classes free or self supporting. ANSWER: The classes are free.
- (6) Regulations about size of classes and attendance. ANSWER: There are no regulations about the size of the classes, thus far they have not been needed.
- (7) Are the physical accomposations of the class rooms suitable for adults? ANSWER: Yes.
- (8) Does the school board provide a teacher if a group of aliens asks for instruction? If so, how large must the group be? ANSWER: A teacher is provided if a minimum of 15 ask for the class.

- (9) How many persons were enrolled in your district or community in classes intended specially for the foreign born during the school year 1929 - 1930 and what was the average attendance? ANSWER: Enrollment - 29 Average attendance-13 See note on reverse side.
- (10) What proportion of the total school budget was expended during the school year 1929 - 1930 en "English for foreign born" and citizenship training classes? ANSWER The exact proportion is not available, but it is exceedingly small when one see that only \$36 per month is spent for the citizenship class.
- (11) Is it your opinion the school board would be willing to increase such proportion were the need for added educational opportunities for the foreign born shown? ANSWER: Yes.
- (12) Does the proportion of the school budget used for classes for the foreign born correspond in any way to the proportion of foreign born adults in the total population? ANSWER: The proportion is adequate.
- II. IN YOUR COMMUNITY OR DISTRICT WHAT PRIVATE AGENCIES, INCLUDING CHURCHES, POLITICAL PARTIES, TRADE UNIONS AND FOREIGN LANGUAGE ORGANIZATIONS, OFFERED EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES SPECIFICALLY INTENDED FOR ALIENS DURING THE SCHOOL YEAR 1929 - 1930?
 - (1) Please list them. ANSWER: The only educational opportunities specifically intended for aliens are offered by the Board of Education of the a local petilement
- III. CAN YOU SUPPLY THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION FOR ANY OR ALL THESE AGENCIES?

(1) Number of evening classes

(2) Number of day classes

3) Number of sessions per week 4) Length of school year

(5) Opportunities for free individual or tutorial instruction where necessary.

ANSWER: The Council of Jewish Women have supplied tutors for individuals in certain cases in the past, but there has been no call lately.

- IV. PLEASE DESCRIBE THE EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES AVAILABLE FOR FOREIGN BORN LIVING ON FARMS OR IN SHALL VILLAGES IN YOUR COUNTY.
 - ANSWER: The only class in the state is located at Neighborhood House. It is generally known because requests come in from time to time for text books, which are furnished.
- WHAT DO YOU CONSIDER THE ENCOURAGING AND WHAT THE DISCOURAGING FEATURES OF THE EDUCATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR ALIENS IN YOUR COMMUNITY?

In former years the average attendance at the citizenship class was from 40 to 50 at each session, but since the immigration restrictions have been tightened up, the classes have become smaller each year.

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ANSWER: No serious problem

PART THREE

DISABILITIES OF ALIENS*

I. OCCUPATIONAL DISABILITIES OF ALIENS IN YOUR COMMUNITY:

- (1) May aliens be employed on public works undertaken by your state?

 ANSWER: Yes! (Miss Viola Miller, Unemployment Relief)
 Bureau
- (2) Hay aliens be employed on public works undertaken by your county or municipality directly or through contractors or may they hold a county or city job of any sort?

 ANSWER: Yes. (Miss Miller)
- (3) In normal times to what extent is the law or laws referred to in (1) and (2) enforced?
- (4) Has the present unemployment situation resulted in the discharging of aliens employed by your state, county or municipality? When? **

 ANSWER: No. (This Thiller)
- (5) Has it resulted in the discharging of aliens employed by private corporations or business firms? If so, please cite instances and if possible, indicate extent to which this practice exists.

 ANSWER: No. (This Thirt)
- or highly trained professions) are forbidden aliens in your state or city.

 ANSWER: There are no occupations forbidden aliens in this state. (Mr. Emmant Fuelds, Legal Cuid Societ.
- (7) As far as possible, state what licenses (for licensed occupations) are forbidden to aliens in your state or your city.

 ANSWER: There are no licenses forbidden to aliens in this state. (The Emmed Fields, Legal Oud)

II. SOCIAL DISABILITIES OF ALIENS IN YOUR COMMUNITY.

(1) In connection with workmen's compensation act?

ANSWER: The workmen's compensation board grants 50% of the compensation if the dependents are living in a foreign country, more if living here.

(2) In connection with "mother's pensions" or "widow's pensions"?

ANSWER: There has been no ruling made by the local Mothers

Ald Biffeatt other than the applicants must live in the county one year. (Miss Martha Davis, Mother's aid Division, armsby Village)

- (3) In connection with "old age pensions"?

 ANSWER: There is no old age pension law in existence in Louisville at present. (Miss Davis)
- (4) Other disabilities of aliens obtaining in your community?
 ANSWER: There has been no distinction made between the foreign born and the native born.

- * Those found in federal laws in the immigration laws especially (separation of families, deportation, threat of registration etc.) and those pertaining to the so-called learned professions are not included in this discussion.
- ** We shall welcome any additional information about how the present economic depression has affected aliens in your community.

Part I Only class in state is located at negliborhood House, It is generally known come in from time to time fortest brooks which are furnished. - underg enous as-

Mr. Thompson's List

Dr. Vincent Stabile	Italian	1472 S. 2nd		
Karl Mussbaum, Sr.	German	4226 W. Broadway		
Wm. Mader	German	616 S. 42nd		
Henri Mangeat	Prench	643 S. 43rd		
Julius Heger	Austrian	1001 Washington		
Miss Elsie Cruickshank	Scotch	4819 S. 4th		
Chas. P. Calas	Greek	216 S. 3rd		
Stephen Mueller	German	1055 E. Kentucky		
Herman Elson	Jewish	331 R. Gray		
Max Knecktli	Swiss	907 Charles St.		
W. G. Nuttycombe	Canadian	276 Clare Ave.		
Mrs. Gladys Clow	English	1226 S. Second		
Frank Guckenberger	German	2110 Bonnycastle		
Jos. Griever	Jewish	1100 Cedar		
John Emmerich	German	2412 Amil		
N. M. Videbeck	Danish	1790 Gaulbert		
Elias G. Simon (Syrian)	Dominican	304 E. Walnut		
Willie E. Sack	German	Kentucky Hotel		
Tony Vuturo	Italian	811 Bluegrass		
Fernand Hunz ther Lger	Swiss	1437 Highland		
Gus Hinderer		1245 Texas		
Francis M. McAdam	Irish	2426 S. Broadway		
John E. Astley	Welch	510 Rubel		
Harry Monen	Russian Jew	329 E. Ormsby		
Max Novak	Swiss	1524 Hemlock		
Gunnar Kranstad	Norwegian	2721 Grinstead		

Armenia - Turkey	George Kilijian, 1842 Yale Drive
Greek	George Karra, 906 South First St., President of Greek Club Charles P. Calas, 216 South Third St., Ja. 9539
Italian	Dr. Alfonse Guiglia, 1412 8, Sixth St., Ma. 2800
Syrian	George Leo. 336 East Market St.,
Swiss	Max Knechtli, 907 Charles St., Columbia Auto Parts Co., Ja. 5107
Danish	Niels Videbeck, 1790 Gaulbert Rasmussen, Wa. 5301
Russian } YIddish } Polish }	Kepel Kasen, 1360 South First St., Ma. 5457-J
French	Angelo Lucheta, 907 Charles Street Columbia Auto Parts Cp., Ja. 5107
French Dutch Plemish	G. L. Franckx, 321 Cannons Lane, Bel. 1655-J Stewart Dry Goods Company, Ja. 3261
German)	E.H. Burkhalter, 2421 West Market Street.

Greek - Sinoupolis, John.

Joy S. 19 21 2 8

German - Hirsch, 3 - Gioc. may 28.

Steinke Goc. may 28.

1244. S. Salvy 24.

Italian - Martina, 94.

Syriam - Mustafa, Tallal

Yiddish - Gravbart Benjamin

Russian - Robinson, (Abe)

Lev Sog S. 40 24. 98.

Louisville, Ky., Da Mas My Sam. as you doubt los lan a flag is to be frerëntes Thursday 2 hot at 7.30 The Celegen Ships Class. Strones fine finicalle Chaples much fluxure to him promany ours, laurya afferson heich. Seed ant day the Ceremony so Calas hat Cleaners
216 8.35d.

Flatian - 1 Dr. alfonse Guiglian Brown Bldy City 303, mr. Charles Back, Polish - 847 E. Walnut & 2695 J german ner. nathan Baer-yeddisle + Polish - City 5 483 Mr. Benjamin Granbart, 216 E. Madison.

1. Morris Sokolow - 703 E. Broadway-&3079

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January

City 510-Yiddish Mr. Havid I Cedarbraum - Sommille Hebrew School
griddich Hebrew French grown Russian - alvin Kasdan - 1360 So. Fort - Mag 1575 Terners Karlens

Possible Census put on a proper basis all laws affecting children those portaining to inclimations and to children Rodunder's a gero Di work, by stenographic and other sect 20ms 13. Manapres - 902 20. t jeorge Karras, 771

Sadie Pagreeney 's Son.

Go ye therefore, and teach all nation, baptizing them in the name of the Father, and of the Son, and of the Holy Ghost.
-St. Matthew 28, 19.

BIRTH CERTIFICATE.

St. Alexander Nevsky Russian Orthodox Church .

This is to certify that in the record book of birth of -

The following is recorded:

Birth	Paptism	Name of Child	Religion	Meme of Parents	Name of God Parents	By Whom Baptized
March 189	1 6, 95.	Mosa (Moses)		George Mosa and his wife, Sapera.	Jacob Pobo.	Rev. Victor Popoff.
			This is to certify that George Mosa was born March 6, 1895, in State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, comes the above before me, a notary public of aforesaid county, sworn before me this 16th of June, 1930 Charles DeBone, N. P.			
				Charles DeBone, I MY COMMISSION EX MARCH 7, 1933.		e
			Rev	. John Semanitzky,	Rector.	

City of N. S. Pittsburgh State Penn.

Dioces North America,

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA.